



Water Mist Fire Protection Systems for Machinery Local Protection

By

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AGENDA

Definition of machinery local protection

Fire test protocols overview

Application overview

Challenges from real-life

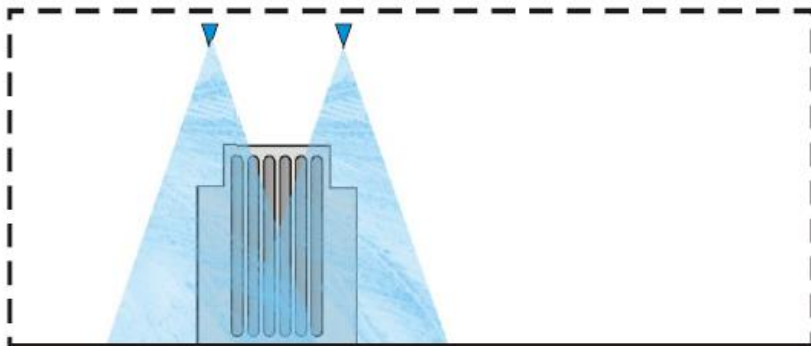
Summary & Key take aways

DEFINITION

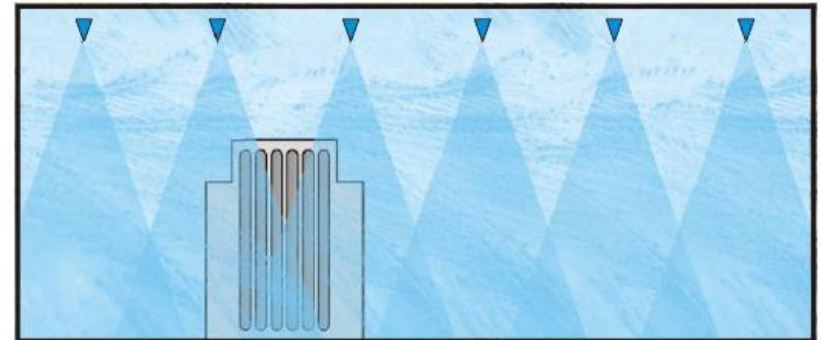
Machinery Local Protection

A machinery **local protection system** is one where a fixed supply of extinguishing media is discharge into a defined area that has either **no enclosure** surrounding it, or is only partially enclosed.

Local application systems protect equipment using **flammable liquids in open areas**.



Local Application



Total Flooding

Local protection eliminates the limitations of room sizes for total flooding systems.

FIRE TEST PROTOCOLS

FM Approval Standard Class 5560 includes a test protocol for the approval of **Local Application** systems to be used as a **primary** protection system.

Other machinery local application fire test protocols are:

IMO 1387 - only spray fires, secondary system

CNPP TD2 - based on actual machine mock up

BS 8489-4:2016 - similar to FM

Appendix I

General Testing Requirements

The water mist system shall be capable of **extinguishing** the fire scenarios in this Appendix that are required based on the type of local application being requested by the water mist manufacturer. It is the responsibility of the water mist manufacturer to inform FM Approvals of the type(s) of local application in which FM Approval is being requested.

Fire Test Scenarios

- (1) Square Pool Fires (4 off including min/max nozzle height)
- (2) Channel Pool Fires (4 off including min/max nozzle height)
- (3) Spray Fires (4 off including min/max nozzle height)
- (4) Combined Pool and Spray Fires (5 off including min/max nozzle height)
- (5) Obstructed Pool Fires (2 off including min/max nozzle height)
- (6) Offset Pool Fires (2 off including min/max nozzle height)
- (7) Combined Pool and Spray Fire
w/ External Ignition Source (2 off including min/max nozzle height)

A total of 23 full scale fire tests
Approval criteria: Extinguishment



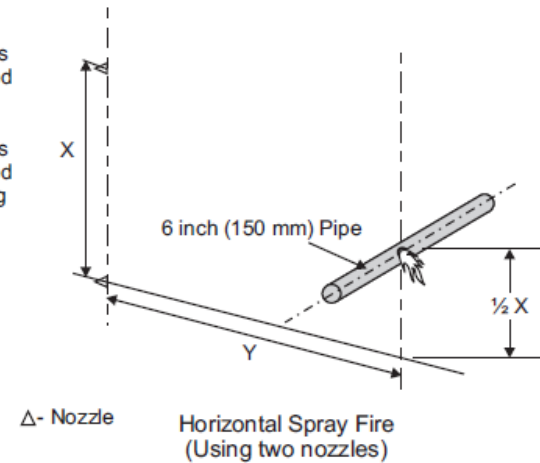
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FIRE TESTING

Spray Fires



X= Manufacturer's maximum specified vertical spacing
Y= Manufacturer's maximum specified horizontal spacing



Fuel package diesel or heptane
Maximum nozzle distance from spray
Pressure at nozzle
k-factor
Type of pump unit



Extinguishment should be registered by thermocouples located above the pool and in front of the spray fires. Registration by means of thermal imaging equipment is strongly recommended.

FIRE TESTING

Pool Fires

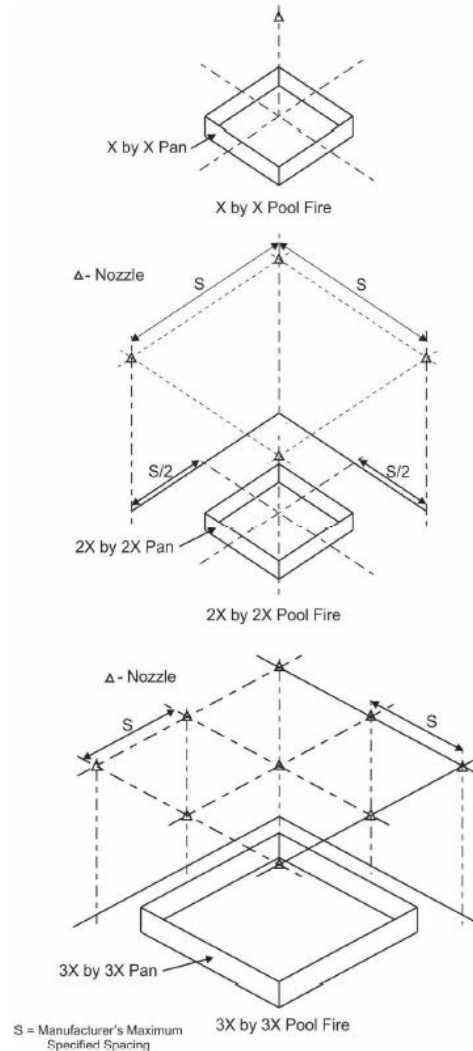


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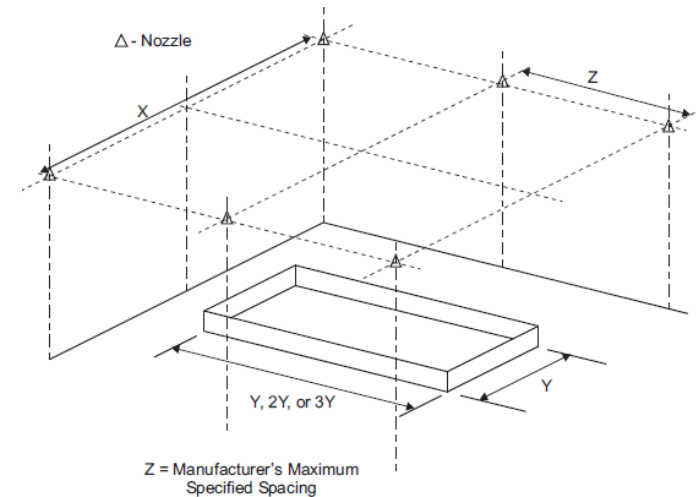
Square Pool Fire

- Fuel package diesel or heptane
- Maximum nozzle height
- Pressure at nozzle
- k-factor
- Type of pump unit

Square Pool



Channel Pool



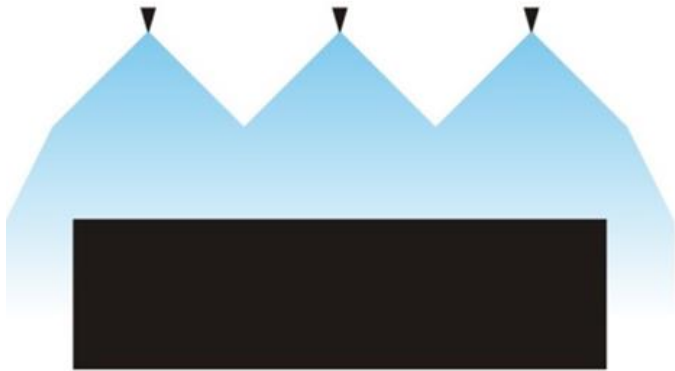
Extinguishment should be registered by thermocouples located above the pool and in front of the spray fires. Registration by means of thermal imaging equipment is strongly recommended.

APPLICATION OVERVIEW

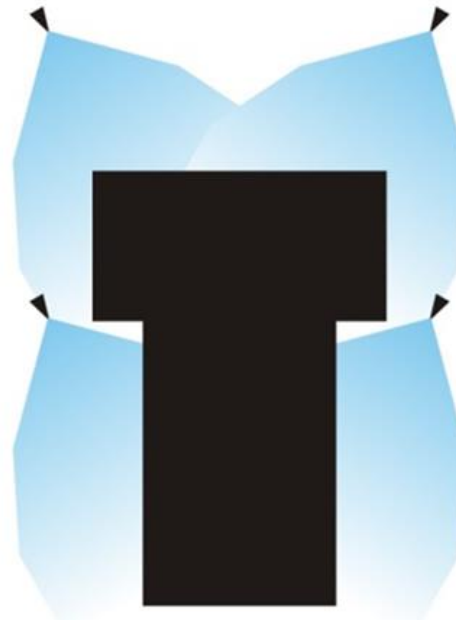
Machinery Local Application

During full scale fire testing, different system types were evaluated

Overhead protection



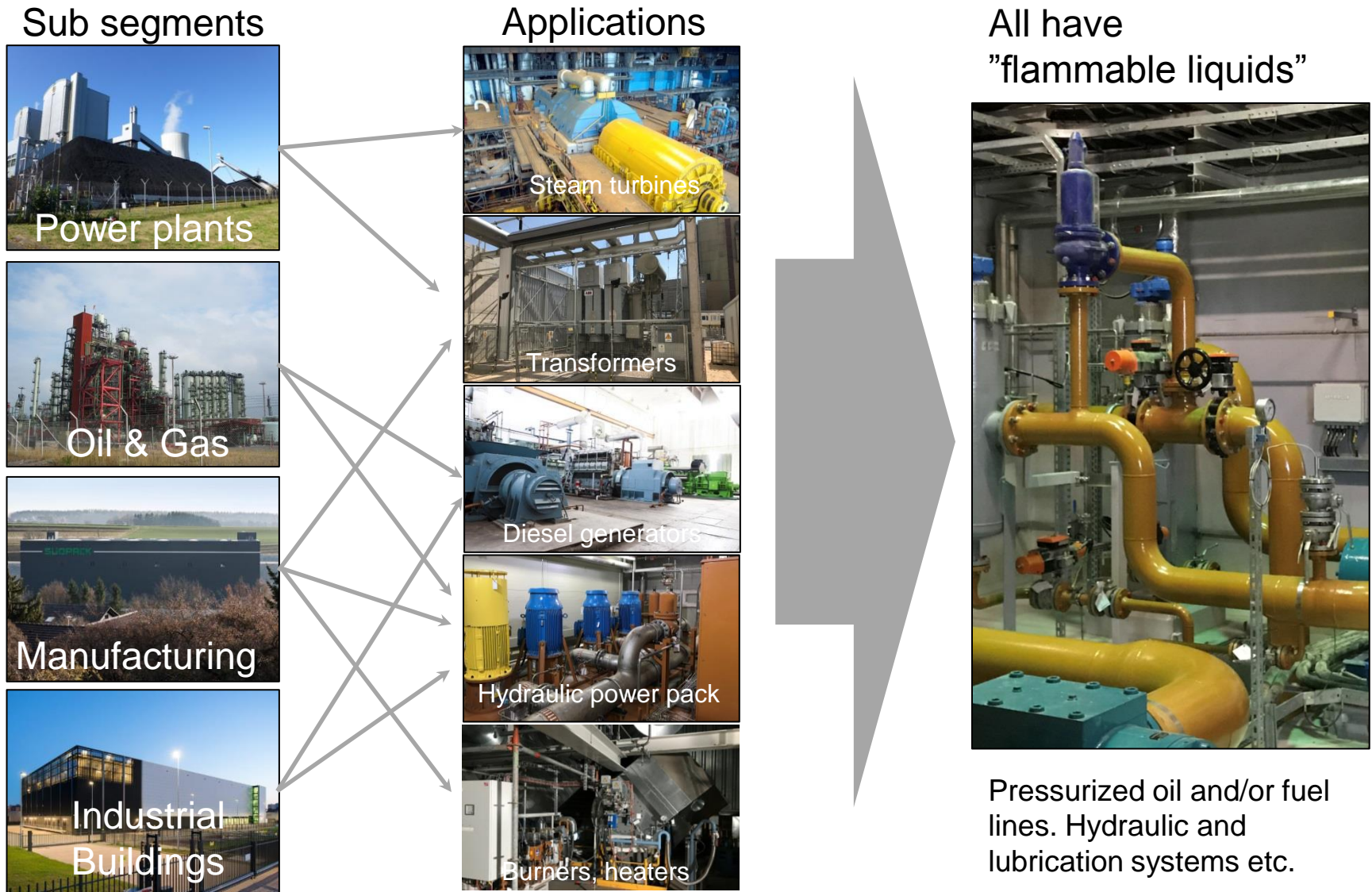
Surrounded protection



Point protection



APPLICATION OVERVIEW



CHALLENGES FROM REAL LIFE

Steam Turbine



MACHINERY LOCAL PROTECTION

Manufacturers Challenge

Sample from real-life



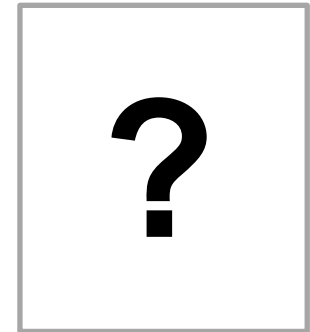
Turbine bearing including pressurized lubrication oil



Spray fire



Pool fire



Water mist system

Out of the 23 full scale fire tests, who will determine which are applicable for this particular case and what would be the optimal water mist system solution?

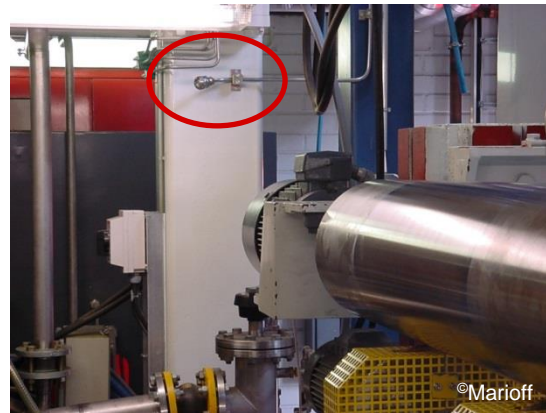
MACHINERY LOCAL PROTECTION

Application Samples

In real-life, installation limitations might force you to remove obstructions and/or apply optimized nozzle layout.



Surrounded protection



Point protection of an object



Point protection of an object

SUMMARY

Key Take Aways

Water mist fire suppression systems are always performance based. System design parameters are defined based on full scale fire tests.

Challenge is to apply a certain performance based design with a real-world application. Assessment of the fire hazards and identification of heat sources are critical.

Machinery local protection based on FM 5560 fire test protocol covers a wide range of applications having flammable liquids and no enclosure.

The water mist manufacturer, the end customer as well as local AHJ need to agree on machinery local protection design.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

QUESTIONS?