The History of IWMA



- IWMA = International Water Mist Association
- Founded on 15th April 1998
- Head office in Hamburg, Germany
- Annual conferences since 2001



The History of IWMA



18th International
 Water Mist Conference
 will (IWMC) take place
 in London on 19th &
 20th September 2018



During the 16th IWMC in Vienna in 2016



IWMA is ...

the world's leading forum for

- manufacturers
- distributors
- insurance companies
- fire departments
- classification and academic institutions
- users of water mist firefighting systems!





IWMA is ...

... the 1st and the only organization worldwide dedicated to water mist and related technologies!





The Structure of IWMA

- IWMA Board of
 Directors (President
 Ragnar Wighus and
 eight further
 members of the
 board)
- General Manager
 Bettina McDowell



IWMA President Ragnar Wighus

The Structure of IWMA

- IWMA Scientific Council (Chairman Hong-Zeng Yu)
- IWMA Marketing Group
- Over 60 Corporate and Private Members



Bert Yu, Chairman of the IWMA Scientific Council



IWMA – Aims and Activities

- Organizes the IWMC as a networking platform and knowledge exchange
- Organizes worldwide educational and topical seminars
- Bestows the "IWMA Young Talent Award"



Ragnar Wighus with "IWMA Young Talent 2016" Daniel Martin



IWMA – Involvements

- CEN (CEN/TC 191/ WG10) → prEN14972 (Chairman Dr. Joachim Böke, Minimax)
- IMO International Maritime Organization



CEN/TC 191/WG10-Chairman Joachim Böke



IWMA - Involvements

- NFPA 750 Technical Committee on Water Mist Fire Suppression Systems
- European Commission / Expert Group on Marine Equipment
- Sustainable Fire Engineering



IWMA General Manager Bettina McDowell



The History of Water Mist

- 1880: F.E. Myers back pack system to fight small forest fires
- 1978: Lecture Book: "Fundamentals of Fire"
- Late 1980s: Execution of the Montreal Protocol





The History of Water Mist

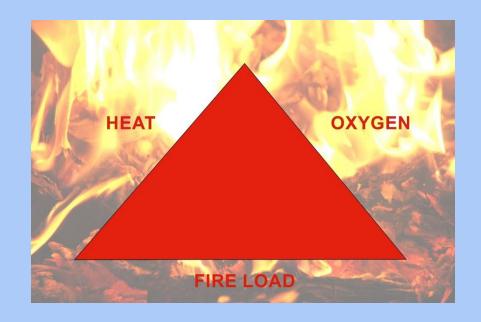
1990: 7th April – 158
people die during a fire on
the Scandinavian Star
(nearly 50% of all
passengers)





A fire triangle consists of three elements:

- Combustible material
- Heat
- Oxygen





Water Mist removes two of these elements:

- Heat
- Oxygen

(Traditional sprinkler only remove the heat...)

- Low Pressure Water
 Mist: less than 12.5 bar
 (181 psi)
- Medium Pressure Water Mist: between 12.5 and 35 bar (507 psi)
- High Pressure Water Mist: up to 120 bar (1740 psi)



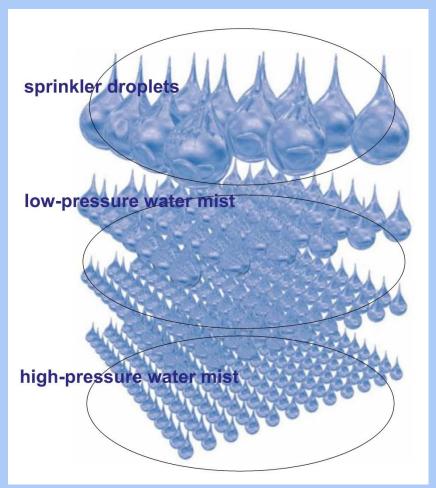
It jets water at low, medium or high pressure through specially designed nozzles. As the system pressure increases the size of the droplets decreases which results in droplets with an altogether larger surface and water turning into steam. Consequently, the system rapidly reduces the temperature as well as the oxygen at the fire front. Thus, energy is taken away from the fire. Due to its cooling effect, water mist prevents re-ignition.



Definition:

Droplet size less than 1 mm – 1,000 microns

- NFPA say: 99% of the droplets less than 1 mm
- CEN say: 90% of the droplets less than 1 mm





Advantages of Water Mist

- Less water, less water damage
- Removes heat AND oxygen
- Does not deplete the ozon layer
- Does not contribute to global warming
- Does not harm humans
- Reliable versatile flexible
- Thinner pipes ...



Applications – the Hall of Fame

- La Scala, Milan, Italy
- Elbphilharmonie,
 Hamburg, Germany
- The Clock Tower,
 Mecca, Saudi Arabia
- St. Mark's Basilica,
 Venice, Italy



The Clock Tower in Mecca



Applications – the Hall of Fame

- St. Patrick's Church,
 New York, USA
- The Hungarian Parliament
- The Eurotunnel
- ISS International Space Station (portable water mist fire extinguishers)



St. Patrick's Church, New York



Applications - General

- Cable tunnels
- High-rise buildings
- Food industry:
 Industrial oil fryers
- Hospitals, intensive care units, care homes
- Museum & heritage buildings





Applications - General

- Libraries & archives
- Data centres
- Hotel rooms and cabins on board of ships
- Saunas
- Machinery spaces
- Etc.



The Bodleian Library Oxford University, UK



Standards & Guidelines Update

- CEN prEN 14972
- NFPA 750
- FM 5560
- UL 2167
- VdS 3188
- IMO A800 + MSC 265
- IMO MSC.1/Circ. 1165

- The British Standards
- The French Standard
- The Nordic Standard
- The Danish Guideline



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